

<u>Update Quadratic Functions.md</u> James Su authored 3 minutes ago

Unit 3: Quadratic Functions.md 2.22 KB

Quadratic Functions

Question 1 a)

As a varies, the graph stretches when a>1 and compresses when 0 < a < 1

As p varies, the graph moves to either the right (when p is negative) or left (when p is positive).

As q varies, the graph moves either up (when q is positive) or down (when q is negative).

Question 1 b)

I would first find the vertex which is equal to is at (AOS, optimal value), or $(\frac{-b}{2a}, \frac{-b^2}{4a} + c)$.

In this case it would be at $(rac{-13}{6},rac{-169}{12}+4)$

Then by using the step property, which is $1a, 3a, 5a \cdots \implies 3, 9, 15 \cdots$, I can plot the points on the graph. In addition, since a is positive, the graph will be opening upward.

Question 2 a)

By plugging 3 as the time into the relation $h=-5t^2+100t$, we get:

$$h = -5(3)^2 + 100(3) \implies h = -5(9) + 300 \implies h = 255$$

The flare will be 255m tall.

Question 2 b)

The maximum height reached by the flare is when $t = rac{-b}{2a}$ (optimal value).

So,
$$\frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-100}{-10} = 10$$

 $\therefore h = -5(10)^2 + 100(10) \implies h = 500$

The maximum height reached by the flare is 500m.

Question 2 c)

By setting h = 80, we can get the 2 times where the flare reaches 80m, and by taking the difference in x values, we get the time the flare stayed above 80m.

 $80 = -5t^2 + 100t$

 $5t^2 - 100t + 80 = 0$

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$$t^2-20t+16=0$$

 $t=rac{20\pm\sqrt{366}}{2}$. \therefore The duration is $2(rac{\sqrt{336}}{2})=\sqrt{336}$

Question 3 a)

We can represent the area as hw, where h+w=20, so we can model a quadratic equation as such: w(20-w). Therefore the AOS is when w=10

Question 3 b)

Since the maximum area is when w = 10, and $h = 20 - w \implies h = 10$. So the dimension is a pen 10m by 10m.

Question 4

The cross-sectional area can be modeled by the equation (50 - 2x)x.

Therefore the AOS is when $\frac{25}{2}$ since x = 0, 25 are the solutions to this quadratic equation when it equals 0, and the AOS is the average of them both.

Therefore the value of x=12.5cm gives the maximum area for the sectional area.